

# Package: ohsome (via r-universe)

September 13, 2024

**Title** An 'ohsome API' Client

**Version** 0.2.2.9000

**Description** A client that grants access to the power of the 'ohsome API' from R. It lets you analyze the rich data source of the 'OpenStreetMap (OSM)' history. You can retrieve the geometry of 'OSM' data at specific points in time, and you can get aggregated statistics on the evolution of 'OSM' elements and specify your own temporal, spatial and/or thematic filters.

**License** LGPL (>= 3)

**URL** <https://github.com/GIScience/ohsome-r>,  
<https://docs.ohsome.org/ohsome-api/stable/>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/GIScience/ohsome-r/issues>

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---

ohsome\_aggregate\_elements

*Aggregate OSM elements*

---

### Description

Creates an ohsome\_query object for OSM element aggregation

### Usage

```
ohsome_aggregate_elements(
  boundary = NULL,
  aggregation = c("count", "length", "perimeter", "area"),
  return_value = c("absolute", "density", "ratio"),
  grouping = NULL,
  time = NULL,
  ...
)
```

```
ohsome_elements_count(boundary = NULL, ...)
```

```
ohsome_elements_length(boundary = NULL, ...)
```

```
ohsome_elements_perimeter(boundary = NULL, ...)
```

```
ohsome_elements_area(boundary = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| boundary     | <p>Bounding geometries specified by WGS84 coordinates in the order lon,lat. The geometries of sf are transformed to WGS84 if the CRS of the object is known. The following classes are supported:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• sf with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries</li> <li>• sfc with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries</li> <li>• sfg with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries and WGS 84 coordinates</li> <li>• bbox created with <code>sf::st_bbox()</code> or <code>tmaptools::bb()</code></li> <li>• matrix created with <code>sp::bbox()</code> or <code>osmdata::getbb()</code></li> <li>• character providing textual definitions of bounding polygons, boxes or circles as allowed by the ohsome API (see <a href="#">ohsome API - Boundaries</a>): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– bboxes: WGS84 coordinates in the following format: "id1:lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2 id2:lon1,lon2,lat1,lon2,lat2 lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2 lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2 ..."</li> <li>– bcircles: WGS84 coordinates + radius in meter in the following format: "id1:lon,lat,r id2:lon,lat,r ..." OR "lon,lat,r lon,lat,r ..."</li> <li>– bpolys: WGS84 coordinates given as a list of coordinate pairs (as for bboxes) or GeoJSON FeatureCollection. The first point has to be the same as the last point and MultiPolygons are only supported in GeoJSON.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• list of bbox, matrix or character. Bounding geometry types of all list elements must be the same. Does not work with GeoJSON FeatureCollections.</li> </ul> |
| aggregation  | <p>character; aggregation type:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "count" returns the total number of elements. This is the default.</li> <li>• "length" returns the total length of elements in meters.</li> <li>• "perimeter" returns the total perimeter of elements in meters.</li> <li>• "area" returns the total area of elements in square meters.</li> </ul>   |
| return_value | <p>character; the value to be returned by the ohsome API:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "absolute" returns the absolute number, length, perimeter or area of elements. This is the default.</li> <li>• "density" returns the number, length, perimeter or area (in meters!) of elements per square kilometer.</li> <li>• "ratio" returns an absolute value for elements satisfying the filter argument, an absolute value2 for elements satisfying the filter2 argument, and the ratio of value2 to value.</li> </ul>  |
| grouping     | <p>character; group type(s) for grouped aggregations (only available for queries to aggregation endpoints). The following group types are available:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "boundary" groups the result by the given boundaries that are defined through any of the boundary query parameters.</li> <li>• "key" groups the result by the given keys that are defined through the groupByKey query parameter.</li> <li>• "tag" groups the result by the given tags that are defined through the groupByKey and groupByValues query parameters.</li> </ul>   |

- "type" groups the result by OSM element type.
- c("boundary", "tag") groups the result by the given boundaries and tags.

Not all of these group types are accepted by all of the aggregation endpoints. Check [Grouping](#) for available group types.

time character; time parameter of the query (see [Supported time formats](#)).  
 ... Parameters of the request to the ohsome API endpoint.

## Details

ohsome\_aggregate\_elements() creates an ohsome\_query object for OSM element aggregation. ohsome\_elements\_count(), ohsome\_elements\_length(), ohsome\_elements\_perimeter() and ohsome\_elements\_area() are wrapper functions for specific aggregation endpoints. Boundary objects are passed via [set\\_boundary\(\)](#) into [ohsome\\_boundary\(\)](#).

## Value

An ohsome\_query object. The object can be sent to the ohsome API with [ohsome\\_post\(\)](#). It consists of the following elements:

- url: The URL of the endpoint.
- encode: The way the information is encoded and then posted to the ohsome API. Set as "form".
- body: The parameters of the query such as format, filter or bpolys.

## See Also

[ohsome API Endpoints - Elements Aggregation](#)

## Examples

```
# Count of breweries in Franconia
ohsome_aggregate_elements(
  mapview::franconia,
  aggregation = "count",
  filter = "craft=brewery",
  time = "2022-01-01"
)

ohsome_elements_count(
  mapview::franconia,
  filter = "craft=brewery",
  time = "2022-01-01"
)

# Monthly counts of breweries in Franconia from 2012 to 2022
ohsome_elements_count(
  mapview::franconia,
  filter = "craft=brewery",
  time = "2012/2022/P1M"
)
```

```
# Count of breweries per district of Franconia
ohsome_elements_count(
  mapview::franconia,
  filter = "craft=brewery",
  grouping = "boundary",
  time = "2022-01-01"
)

# Number of breweries per square kilometer
ohsome_elements_count(
  mapview::franconia,
  filter = "craft=brewery",
  return_value = "density",
  time = "2022-01-01"
)

# Proportion of breweries that are microbreweries
ohsome_elements_count(
  mapview::franconia,
  filter = "craft=brewery",
  filter2 = "craft=brewery and microbrewery=yes",
  return_value = "ratio",
  time = "2022-01-01"
)

# Total length of highway elements in Franconia
ohsome_elements_length(
  mapview::franconia,
  filter = "highway=* and geometry=line",
  time = "2022-01-01"
)
```

---

ohsome\_api\_url

*ohsome API URL*

---

## Description

The base URL of the ohsome API with path to current major version.

## Format

A list:

- base: character; base URL
- version: character; path to current major API version

---

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| ohsome_boundary | <i>Create an ohsome_boundary object</i> |
|-----------------|---|

---

### Description

Creates an ohsome\_boundary object from various classes of input geometries. The ohsome\_boundary object is used to set the bpolys, bboxes or bcircles parameter of an ohsome\_query object.

### Usage

```
ohsome_boundary(boundary, ...)

## S3 method for class 'ohsome_boundary'
ohsome_boundary(boundary, ...)

## S3 method for class 'character'
ohsome_boundary(boundary, ...)

## S3 method for class 'sf'
ohsome_boundary(boundary, digits = 6, ...)

## S3 method for class 'sfc'
ohsome_boundary(boundary, ...)

## S3 method for class 'sfg'
ohsome_boundary(boundary, ...)

## S3 method for class 'bbox'
ohsome_boundary(boundary, ...)

## S3 method for class 'matrix'
ohsome_boundary(boundary, ...)

## S3 method for class 'list'
ohsome_boundary(boundary, ...)
```

### Arguments

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| boundary | <p>Bounding geometries specified by WGS84 coordinates in the order lon,lat. The geometries of sf are transformed to WGS84 if the CRS of the object is known. The following classes are supported:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• sf with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries</li> <li>• sfc with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries</li> <li>• sfg with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries and WGS 84 coordinates</li> <li>• bbox created with <code>sf::st_bbox()</code> or <code>tmertools::bb()</code></li> <li>• matrix created with <code>sp::bbox()</code> or <code>osmdata::getbb()</code></li> </ul> |
|----------|--|

- character providing textual definitions of bounding polygons, boxes or circles as allowed by the ohsome API (see [ohsome API - Boundaries](#)):
  - bboxes: WGS84 coordinates in the following format: "id1:lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2|id2:lon1,lon2,lat1,lon2,lat2|lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2|lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2|..."
  - bcircles: WGS84 coordinates + radius in meter in the following format: "id1:lon,lat,r|id2:lon,lat,r|..." OR "lon,lat,r|lon,lat,r|..."
  - bpolys: WGS84 coordinates given as a list of coordinate pairs (as for bboxes) or GeoJSON FeatureCollection. The first point has to be the same as the last point and MultiPolygons are only supported in GeoJSON.
- list of bbox, matrix or character. Bounding geometry types of all list elements must be the same. Does not work with GeoJSON FeatureCollections.

... Additional arguments other than digits are ignored.

digits integer; number of decimal places of coordinates in the resulting GeoJSON when converting sf to GeoJSON (defaults to 6).

### Value

An ohsome\_boundary object which contains the following elements:

- boundary: the boundary in textual format
- type of the boundary (bpolys, bcircles, or bboxes).

### Examples

```
# Defintion of a bounding circle (lon,lat,radius in meters)
ohsome_boundary("8.6528,49.3683,1000")

# Definition of two named bounding circles
ohsome_boundary("Circle 1:8.6528,49.3683,1000|Circle 2:8.7294,49.4376,1000")

# Definition of two named bounding circles with a character vector
ohsome_boundary(c("Circle 1:8.6528,49.3683,1000", "Circle 2:8.7294,49.4376,1000"))

# Use franconia from the mapview package as bounding polygons
ohsome_boundary(mapview::franconia, digits = 4)

# Use the bounding box of franconia
ohsome_boundary(sf::st_bbox(mapview::franconia))

# Get bounding box of the city of Berlin from OSM
## Not run:
ohsome_boundary(osmdata::getbb("Berlin"))

## End(Not run)
```

```
# Use a list of two bounding boxes
## Not run:
ohsome_boundary(list(osmdata::getbb("Berlin"), sf::st_bbox(mapview::franconia)))

## End(Not run)
```

---

```
ohsome_contributions_count
```

```
Count OSM contributions
```

---

## Description

Creates an `ohsome_query` object for OSM contributions count

## Usage

```
ohsome_contributions_count(
  boundary = NULL,
  latest = FALSE,
  return_value = c("absolute", "density"),
  time = NULL,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

`boundary`

Bounding geometries specified by WGS84 coordinates in the order lon,lat. The geometries of `sf` are transformed to WGS84 if the CRS of the object is known. The following classes are supported:

- `sf` with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries
- `sfc` with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries
- `sfg` with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries and WGS 84 coordinates
- `bbox` created with `sf::st_bbox()` or `tmptools::bb()`
- `matrix` created with `sp::bbox()` or `osmdata::getbb()`
- character providing textual definitions of bounding polygons, boxes or circles as allowed by the `ohsome` API (see [ohsome API - Boundaries](#)):
  - `bboxes`: WGS84 coordinates in the following format: `"id1:lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2|id2:lon1,OR "lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2|lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2|..."`
  - `bcircles`: WGS84 coordinates + radius in meter in the following format: `"id1:lon,lat,r|id2:lon,lat,r|..."` OR `"lon,lat,r|lon,lat,r|..."`
  - `bpolys`: WGS84 coordinates given as a list of coordinate pairs (as for `bboxes`) or GeoJSON FeatureCollection. The first point has to be the same as the last point and MultiPolygons are only supported in GeoJSON.



|              |   |
|--------------|---|
|              | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>list of bbox, matrix or character. Bounding geometry types of all list elements must be the same. Does not work with GeoJSON FeatureCollections.</li> </ul>  |
| latest       | logical; if TRUE, request only the latest contributions provided to each OSM element.   |
| return_value | character; the value to be returned by the ohsome API: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>"absolute" returns the absolute number of contributions. This is the default.</li> <li>"density" returns the number of contributions per square kilometer.</li> </ul> |
| time         | character; time parameter of the query (see <a href="#">Supported time formats</a> ).   |
| ...          | Parameters of the request to the ohsome API endpoint.   |

### Details

ohsome\_contributions\_count() creates an ohsome\_query object for OSM element aggregation. Boundary objects are passed via [set\\_boundary\(\)](#) into [ohsome\\_boundary\(\)](#).

### Value

An ohsome\_query object. The object can be sent to the ohsome API with [ohsome\\_post\(\)](#). It consists of the following elements:

- url: The URL of the endpoint.
- encode: The way the information is encoded and then posted to the ohsome API. Set as "form".
- body: The parameters of the query such as format, filter or bpolys.

### See Also

[ohsome API Endpoints - Contributions Aggregation](#)

### Examples

```
# Monthly counts of contributions to man-made objects around "Null Island"
ohsome_contributions_count("0,0,10", filter = "man_made=*", time = "2010/2020/P1Y")

# Monthly counts of latest contributions to man-made objects around "Null Island"
ohsome_contributions_count(
  "0,0,10",
  latest = TRUE,
  filter = "man_made=*",
  time = "2010/2020/P1Y"
)
```

---

ohsome\_endpoints      *ohsome API endpoints*

---

**Description**

Available ohsome API endpoints with their parameters

**Format**

A list of ohsome API endpoints.

---

ohsome\_extract\_contributions  
*Extract OSM contributions*

---

**Description**

Creates an ohsome\_query object for OSM contribution extraction

**Usage**

```
ohsome_extract_contributions(
  boundary = NULL,
  geometryType = c("centroid", "bbox", "geometry"),
  latest = FALSE,
  time = NULL,
  properties = NULL,
  clipGeometry = TRUE,
  ...
)
```

```
ohsome_contributions_bbox(boundary = NULL, ...)
```

```
ohsome_contributions_centroid(boundary = NULL, ...)
```

```
ohsome_contributions_geometry(boundary = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

**boundary**      Bounding geometries specified by WGS84 coordinates in the order lon,lat. The geometries of *sf* are transformed to WGS84 if the CRS of the object is known. The following classes are supported:

- *sf* with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries
- *sfc* with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries
- *sfg* with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries and WGS 84 coordinates

- `bbox` created with `sf::st_bbox()` or `tmertools::bb()`
- `matrix` created with `sp::bbox()` or `osmdata::getbb()`
- character providing textual definitions of bounding polygons, boxes or circles as allowed by the ohsome API (see [ohsome API - Boundaries](#)):
  - `bboxes`: WGS84 coordinates in the following format: `"id1:lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2|id2:lon1,lon2,lat1,lon2,lat2|lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2|lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2|..."`
  - `bcircles`: WGS84 coordinates + radius in meter in the following format: `"id1:lon,lat,r|id2:lon,lat,r|..."` OR `"lon,lat,r|lon,lat,r|..."`
  - `bpolys`: WGS84 coordinates given as a list of coordinate pairs (as for `bboxes`) or GeoJSON FeatureCollection. The first point has to be the same as the last point and MultiPolygons are only supported in GeoJSON.
- list of `bbox`, `matrix` or `character`. Bounding geometry types of all list elements must be the same. Does not work with GeoJSON FeatureCollections.

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <code>geometryType</code> | <p>character; type of geometry to be extracted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>"centroid"</code>,</li> <li>• <code>"bboxes"</code> (bounding boxes), or</li> <li>• <code>"geometry"</code></li> </ul> <p>Caveat: Node elements are omitted from results in queries for bounding boxes.</p>   |
| <code>latest</code>       | <p>logical; if TRUE, request only the latest contributions provided to each OSM element.</p>   |
| <code>time</code>         | <p>character; time parameter of the query (see <a href="#">Supported time formats</a>).</p>  |
| <code>properties</code>   | <p>character; properties to be extracted with the contributions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>"tags"</code>, and/or</li> <li>• <code>"metadata"</code> (i.e. <code>@changesetId</code>, <code>@lastEdit</code>, <code>@osmType</code>, <code>@version</code>), and/or</li> <li>• <code>"contributionTypes"</code> (i.e. <code>@creation</code>, <code>@tagChange</code>, <code>@deletion</code>, and <code>@geometryChange</code>)</li> </ul> <p>Multiple values can be provided as comma-separated character or as character vector. This defaults to NULL (provides <code>@contributionChangesetId</code>, <code>@osmId</code> and <code>@timestamp</code>).</p> |
| <code>clipGeometry</code> | <p>logical; specifies whether the returned geometries should be clipped to the query's spatial boundary</p>  |
| <code>...</code>          | <p>Parameters of the request to the ohsome API endpoint.</p>   |

## Details

`ohsome_extract_contributions()` creates an `ohsome_query` object for OSM contribution extraction. `ohsome_contributions_bbox()`, `ohsome_contributions_centroid()` and `ohsome_contributions_geometry` are wrapper functions for specific contributions extraction endpoints. Boundary objects are passed via `set_boundary()` into `ohsome_boundary()`.

**Value**

An `ohsome_query` object. The object can be sent to the `ohsome` API with `ohsome_post()`. It consists of the following elements:

- `url`: The URL of the endpoint.
- `encode`: The way the information is encoded and then posted to the `ohsome` API. Set as "form".
- `body`: The parameters of the query such as `format`, `filter` or `bpoly`s.

**See Also**

[ohsome API Endpoints – Contributions Extraction](#)

**Examples**

```
# Extract contributions to man-made objects around "Null Island" with metadata:
ohsome_contributions_geometry(
  "0,0,10",
  filter = "man_made=*",
  time = c("2021-01-01", "2022-01-01"),
  properties = "metadata"
)
```

---

`ohsome_extract_elements`

*Extract OSM elements*

---

**Description**

Create an `ohsome_query` object for OSM element extraction

**Usage**

```
ohsome_extract_elements(
  boundary = NULL,
  geometryType = c("centroid", "bbox", "geometry"),
  time = NULL,
  properties = NULL,
  clipGeometry = TRUE,
  ...
)

ohsome_elements_bbox(boundary = NULL, ...)

ohsome_elements_centroid(boundary = NULL, ...)

ohsome_elements_geometry(boundary = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| boundary     | <p>Bounding geometries specified by WGS84 coordinates in the order lon,lat. The geometries of sf are transformed to WGS84 if the CRS of the object is known. The following classes are supported:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• sf with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries</li> <li>• sfc with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries</li> <li>• sfg with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries and WGS 84 coordinates</li> <li>• bbox created with <code>sf::st_bbox()</code> or <code>tmtools::bb()</code></li> <li>• matrix created with <code>sp::bbox()</code> or <code>osmdata::getbb()</code></li> <li>• character providing textual definitions of bounding polygons, boxes or circles as allowed by the ohsome API (see <a href="#">ohsome API - Boundaries</a>): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– bboxes: WGS84 coordinates in the following format: "id1:lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2 id2:lon1,lon2,lat1,lon2,lat2 lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2 lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2 ..."</li> <li>– bcircles: WGS84 coordinates + radius in meter in the following format: "id1:lon,lat,r id2:lon,lat,r ..." OR "lon,lat,r lon,lat,r ..."</li> <li>– bpolys: WGS84 coordinates given as a list of coordinate pairs (as for bboxes) or GeoJSON FeatureCollection. The first point has to be the same as the last point and MultiPolygons are only supported in GeoJSON.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• list of bbox, matrix or character. Bounding geometry types of all list elements must be the same. Does not work with GeoJSON FeatureCollections.</li> </ul> |
| geometryType | <p>character; type of geometry to be extracted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "centroid",</li> <li>• "bboxes" (bounding boxes), or</li> <li>• "geometry"</li> </ul> <p>Caveat: Node elements are omitted from results in queries for bounding boxes.</p>   |
| time         | character; time parameter of the query (see <a href="#">Supported time formats</a> ).   |
| properties   | <p>character; properties to be extracted with the features:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "tags", and/or</li> <li>• "metadata" (i.e. @changesetId, @lastEdit, @osmType, and @version)</li> </ul> <p>Multiple values can be provided as comma-separated character or as character vector. This defaults to NULL (provides @osmId).</p>  |
| clipGeometry | logical; specifies whether the returned geometries should be clipped to the query's spatial boundary  |
| ...          | Parameters of the request to the ohsome API endpoint.   |

## Details

`ohsome_extract_elements()` creates an `ohsome_query` object for OSM element extraction. `ohsome_elements_bbox()`, `ohsome_elements_centroid()` and `ohsome_elements_geometry()` are wrapper functions for specific elements extraction endpoints. Boundary objects are passed via `set_boundary()` into `ohsome_boundary()`.

**Value**

An `ohsome_query` object. The object can be sent to the `ohsome` API with `ohsome_post()`. It consists of the following elements:

- `url`: The URL of the endpoint.
- `encode`: The way the information is encoded and then posted to the `ohsome` API. Set as "form".
- `body`: The parameters of the query such as `format`, `filter` or `bpoly`s.

**See Also**

[ohsome API Endpoints – Elements Extraction](#)

**Examples**

```
# Extract geometries, metadata and tags of man-made objects around "Null Island":
ohsome_elements_geometry(
  "0,0,10",
  filter = "man_made=*",
  time = "2022-01-01",
  properties = c("metadata", "tags")
)
```

---

`ohsome_extract_elementsFullHistory`  
*Extract OSM elements' full history*

---

**Description**

Creates an `ohsome_query` object for the extraction of OSM elements' full history

**Usage**

```
ohsome_extract_elementsFullHistory(
  boundary = NULL,
  geometryType = c("centroid", "bbox", "geometry"),
  time = NULL,
  properties = NULL,
  clipGeometry = TRUE,
  ...
)

ohsome_elementsFullHistory_bbox(boundary = NULL, ...)

ohsome_elementsFullHistory_centroid(boundary = NULL, ...)

ohsome_elementsFullHistory_geometry(boundary = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| boundary     | <p>Bounding geometries specified by WGS84 coordinates in the order lon,lat. The geometries of sf are transformed to WGS84 if the CRS of the object is known. The following classes are supported:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• sf with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries</li> <li>• sfc with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries</li> <li>• sfg with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries and WGS 84 coordinates</li> <li>• bbox created with <code>sf::st_bbox()</code> or <code>tmaptools::bb()</code></li> <li>• matrix created with <code>sp::bbox()</code> or <code>osmdata::getbb()</code></li> <li>• character providing textual definitions of bounding polygons, boxes or circles as allowed by the ohsome API (see <a href="#">ohsome API - Boundaries</a>): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– bboxes: WGS84 coordinates in the following format: "id1:lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2 id2:lon1,lon2,lat1,lon2,lat2 lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2 lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2 ..."</li> <li>– bcircles: WGS84 coordinates + radius in meter in the following format: "id1:lon,lat,r id2:lon,lat,r ..." OR "lon,lat,r lon,lat,r ..."</li> <li>– bpolys: WGS84 coordinates given as a list of coordinate pairs (as for bboxes) or GeoJSON FeatureCollection. The first point has to be the same as the last point and MultiPolygons are only supported in GeoJSON.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• list of bbox, matrix or character. Bounding geometry types of all list elements must be the same. Does not work with GeoJSON FeatureCollections.</li> </ul> |
| geometryType | <p>character; type of geometry to be extracted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "centroid",</li> <li>• "bboxes" (bounding boxes), or</li> <li>• "geometry"</li> </ul> <p>Caveat: Node elements are omitted from results in queries for bounding boxes.</p>   |
| time         | character; time parameter of the query (see <a href="#">Supported time formats</a> ).   |
| properties   | <p>character; properties to be extracted with the features:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "tags", and/or</li> <li>• "metadata" (i.e. @changesetId, @lastEdit, @osmType, and @version)</li> </ul> <p>Multiple values can be provided as comma-separated character or as character vector. This defaults to NULL (provides @osmId).</p>  |
| clipGeometry | logical; specifies whether the returned geometries should be clipped to the query's spatial boundary  |
| ...          | Parameters of the request to the ohsome API endpoint.   |

## Details

`ohsome_extract_elementsFullHistory()` creates an `ohsome_query` object for OSM element full history extraction. `ohsome_elementsFullHistory_bbox()`, `ohsome_elementsFullHistory_centroid()` and `ohsome_elementsFullHistory_geometry()` are wrapper functions for specific elementsFullHistory extraction endpoints. Boundary objects are passed via `set_boundary()` into `ohsome_boundary()`.

**Value**

An `ohsome_query` object. The object can be sent to the `ohsome` API with `ohsome_post()`. It consists of the following elements:

- `url`: The URL of the endpoint.
- `encode`: The way the information is encoded and then posted to the `ohsome` API. Set as "form".
- `body`: The parameters of the query such as `format`, `filter` or `bpolys`.

**See Also**

[ohsome API Endpoints – Elements Full History Extraction](#)

**Examples**

```
# Extract full history of building geometries around Heidelberg main station:
ohsome_elementsFullHistory_geometry(
  boundary = "8.67542,49.40347,1000",
  time = "2012,2022",
  filter = "building=* and geometry:polygon",
  clipGeometry = FALSE
)
```

---

`ohsome_get_metadata`     *GET metadata from ohsome API*

---

**Description**

Returns parsed metadata from `ohsome` API

**Usage**

```
ohsome_get_metadata(quiet = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

`quiet`                    logical; suppresses message on data attribution, API version and temporal extent.

**Details**

`ohsome_get_metadata()` sends a GET request to the metadata endpoint of `ohsome` API and parses the response. The parsed metadata is silently returned.



**Value**

An ohsome\_metadata object. This is a named list with the attributes `date`, `status_code` (of the GET request) and the following list elements:

- `attribution`: character; url and text of OSM data copyrights and attribution
- `apiVersion`: character; Version of the ohsome API
- `timeout`: numeric; limit of the processing time in seconds
- `extractRegion`:
  - `spatialExtent`: `sfc_POLYGON`; spatial boundary of the OSM data in the underlying OSHDB
  - `temporalExtent`: vector of ISO 8601 character; start and end of the temporal extent of OSM data in the underlying OSHDB
  - `replicationSequenceNumber`: numeric; precise state of the OSM data contained in the underlying OSHDB, expressed as the id of the last applied (hourly) diff file from [Planet OSM](#)

**See Also**

[ohsome API Endpoints – Metadata](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
ohsome_get_metadata()

## End(Not run)
```

---

|                              |                            |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| <code>ohsome_metadata</code> | <i>ohsome API metadata</i> |
|------------------------------|----------------------------|

---

**Description**

Metadata of the ohsome API that is requested on loading the package

**Format**

An ohsome\_metadata object. This is a named list with the attributes `date`, `status_code` (of the GET request) and the following list elements:

- `attribution`: character; url and text of OSM data copyrights and attribution
- `apiVersion`: `numeric_version`; Version of the ohsome API
- `timeout`: numeric; limit of the processing time in seconds
- `extractRegion`:
  - `spatialExtent`: `sfc_POLYGON`; spatial boundary of the OSM data in the underlying OSHDB

- temporalExtent: vector of POSIXct; timeframe of the OSM data in the underlying OSHDB data
- replicationSequenceNumber: numeric; precise state of the OSM data contained in the underlying OSHDB, expressed as the id of the last applied (hourly) diff file from **Planet OSM**

ohsome\_parse

*Parse content from an ohsome API response***Description**

Extracts and parses the content from an ohsome API response

**Usage**

```
ohsome_parse(
  response,
  returnclass = c("default", "sf", "data.frame", "list", "character"),
  omit_empty = TRUE
)
```

```
ohsome_sf(response, omit_empty = TRUE)
```

```
ohsome_df(response, omit_empty = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| response    | An ohsome_response object   |
| returnclass | character; one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "default" returns sf if the ohsome_response contains GeoJSON, or else a data.frame.</li> <li>• "sf" returns sf if the ohsome_response contains GeoJSON, else issues a warning and returns a data.frame.</li> <li>• "data.frame" returns a data.frame.</li> <li>• "list" returns a list.</li> <li>• "character" returns the ohsome API response body as text (JSON or semicolon-separated values)</li> </ul> |
| omit_empty  | logical; omit features with empty geometries (only if returnclass = "sf")   |

**Details**

ohsome\_parse() parses an ohsome\_response object into an object of the specified class. By default, this is an sf object if the ohsome API response contains GeoJSON data or a data.frame if it does not. ohsome\_sf() and ohsome\_df() wrapper functions for specific return classes.

**Value**

An sf object, a data.frame, a list or a character

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# Create and send a query to ohsome API
r <- ohsome_query("elements/centroid", filter = "amenity=*") |>
  set_boundary(osmdata::getbb("Heidelberg")) |>
  set_time("2021") |>
  set_properties("metadata") |>
  ohsome_post(parse = FALSE)

# Parse response to object of default class (here: sf)
ohsome_parse(r)

# Parse response to data.frame
ohsome_df(r)

# Parse response to sf
ohsome_sf(r)

## End(Not run)
```

---

ohsome\_post

*Send POST request to ohsome API*


---

**Description**

Sends an ohsome\_query object as a POST request to the ohsome API and returns the response.

**Usage**

```
ohsome_post(
  query,
  parse = TRUE,
  validate = TRUE,
  strict = validate,
  additional_identifiers = NULL,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

|       |  |
|-------|--|
| query | An ohsome_query object constructed with <a href="#">ohsome_query()</a> or any of its wrapper functions |
| parse | logical; if TRUE, parse the ohsome API response with <a href="#">ohsome_parse()</a>                    |

|                        |  |
|------------------------|--|
| validate               | logical; if TRUE, issues warning for invalid endpoint or invalid/missing query parameters.   |
| strict                 | logical; If TRUE, throws error on invalid query. Overrides validate argument TRUE.   |
| additional_identifiers | vector coercible to character; optional user agent identifiers in addition to "ohsome-r/{version}".  |
| ...                    | Additional arguments passed to <code>ohsome_parse()</code> : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>returnclass</code>: class of the returned object</li> <li>• <code>omit_empty</code>: logical; omit features with empty geometries (only if <code>returnclass = "sf"</code>)</li> </ul> |

**Value**

An `ohsome_response` object if `parse = FALSE`, else an `sf` object, a `data.frame`, a list or a character

**See Also**

[ohsome API documentation](#)

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
# Get bounding box of the city of Berlin
bbberlin <- osmdata::getbb("Berlin")

# Query for cinema geometries within bounding box
q <- ohsome_elements_geometry(bbberlin, filter = "amenity=cinema")

# Send query to ohsome API and return sf by default
ohsome_post(q)

# Send query to ohsome API and return data.frame
ohsome_post(q, returnclass = "data.frame")

# Send query and return unparsed response
ohsome_post(q, parse = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

---

ohsome\_query

*Create an ohsome\_query object*


---

**Description**

Creates an `ohsome_query` object specifying the ohsome API endpoint and the request parameters.

**Usage**

```
ohsome_query(endpoint, boundary = NULL, grouping = NULL, ..., validate = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

|          |  |
|----------|--|
| endpoint | The path to the <b>ohsome API endpoint</b> . Either a single string (e.g. "elements/count") or a vector of character in the right order (e.g. c("elements", "count")).   |
| boundary | Bounding geometries specified by WGS84 coordinates in the order lon,lat. The geometries of sf are transformed to WGS84 if the CRS of the object is known. The following classes are supported: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• sf with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries</li> <li>• sfc with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries</li> <li>• sfg with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries and WGS 84 coordinates</li> <li>• bbox created with <code>sf::st_bbox()</code> or <code>tmptools::bb()</code></li> <li>• matrix created with <code>sp::bbox()</code> or <code>osmdata::getbb()</code></li> <li>• character providing textual definitions of bounding polygons, boxes or circles as allowed by the ohsome API (see <b>ohsome API - Boundaries</b>): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– bboxes: WGS84 coordinates in the following format: "id1:lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2 id2:lon1,lon2,lat1,lon2,lat2 lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2 lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2 ..."</li> <li>– bcircles: WGS84 coordinates + radius in meter in the following format: "id1:lon,lat,r id2:lon,lat,r ..." OR "lon,lat,r lon,lat,r ..."</li> <li>– bpolys: WGS84 coordinates given as a list of coordinate pairs (as for bboxes) or GeoJSON FeatureCollection. The first point has to be the same as the last point and MultiPolygons are only supported in GeoJSON.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• list of bbox, matrix or character. Bounding geometry types of all list elements must be the same. Does not work with GeoJSON FeatureCollections.</li> </ul> |
| grouping | character; group type(s) for grouped aggregations (only available for queries to aggregation endpoints). The following group types are available: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "boundary" groups the result by the given boundaries that are defined through any of the boundary query parameters.</li> <li>• "key" groups the result by the given keys that are defined through the groupByKey query parameter.</li> <li>• "tag" groups the result by the given tags that are defined through the groupByKey and groupByValues query parameters.</li> <li>• "type" groups the result by OSM element type.</li> <li>• c("boundary", "tag") groups the result by the given boundaries and tags.</li> </ul> <p>Not all of these group types are accepted by all of the aggregation endpoints. Check <b>Grouping</b> for available group types.</p>   |
| ...      | Parameters of the request to the ohsome API endpoint.  |
| validate | logical; if TRUE, issues warning for invalid endpoint or invalid/missing query parameters.   |

**Value**

An `ohsome_query` object. The object can be sent to the `ohsome` API with `ohsome_post()`. It consists of the following elements:

- `url`: The URL of the endpoint.
- `encode`: The way the information is encoded and then posted to the `ohsome` API. Set as `"form"`.
- `body`: The parameters of the query such as `format`, `filter` or `bpolys`.

**See Also**

[ohsome API documentation](#)

**Examples**

```
# Extract building geometries with manually set bboxes parameter
ohsome_query(
  "elements/geometry",
  bboxes = "8.6,49.36,8.75,49.44",
  time = "2022-01-01",
  filter = "building=*"
)
```

```
# Extract building geometries using a boundary object:
ohsome_query(
  "elements/geometry",
  boundary = "8.6,49.36,8.75,49.44",
  time = "2022-01-01",
  filter = "building=*"
)
```

---

`ohsome_temporalExtent` *ohsome API temporal extent*

---

**Description**

Temporal extent of the OSM data in the underlying OSHDB

**Format**

A vector of POSIXct

---

|                    |                        |
|--------------------|------------------------|
| ohsome_users_count | <i>Count OSM users</i> |
|--------------------|------------------------|

---

## Description

Create an `ohsome_query` object for OSM users count

## Usage

```
ohsome_users_count(
  boundary = NULL,
  return_value = c("absolute", "density"),
  grouping = NULL,
  time = NULL,
  ...
)
```

## Arguments

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <code>boundary</code>     | <p>Bounding geometries specified by WGS84 coordinates in the order <code>lon, lat</code>. The geometries of <code>sf</code> are transformed to WGS84 if the CRS of the object is known. The following classes are supported:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>sf</code> with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries</li> <li>• <code>sfc</code> with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries</li> <li>• <code>sfg</code> with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries and WGS 84 coordinates</li> <li>• <code>bbox</code> created with <code>sf::st_bbox()</code> or <code>tmptools::bb()</code></li> <li>• <code>matrix</code> created with <code>sp::bbox()</code> or <code>osmdata::getbb()</code></li> <li>• character providing textual definitions of bounding polygons, boxes or circles as allowed by the <code>ohsome API</code> (see <a href="#">ohsome API - Boundaries</a>): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <code>bboxes</code>: WGS84 coordinates in the following format: <code>"id1:lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2 id2:lon1,OR lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2 lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2 ..."</code></li> <li>– <code>bcircles</code>: WGS84 coordinates + radius in meter in the following format: <code>"id1:lon,lat,r id2:lon,lat,r ..."</code> OR <code>"lon,lat,r lon,lat,r ..."</code></li> <li>– <code>bpolys</code>: WGS84 coordinates given as a list of coordinate pairs (as for <code>bboxes</code>) or GeoJSON FeatureCollection. The first point has to be the same as the last point and MultiPolygons are only supported in GeoJSON.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• list of <code>bbox</code>, <code>matrix</code> or character. Bounding geometry types of all list elements must be the same. Does not work with GeoJSON FeatureCollections.</li> </ul> |
| <code>return_value</code> | <p>character; the value to be returned by the <code>ohsome API</code>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>"absolute"</code> returns the absolute number of users. This is the default.</li> <li>• <code>"density"</code> returns the number of users per square kilometer.</li> </ul>   |
| <code>grouping</code>     | <p>character; group type(s) for grouped aggregations (only available for queries to aggregation endpoints). The following group types are available:</p>  |

- "boundary" groups the result by the given boundaries that are defined through any of the boundary query parameters.
- "key" groups the result by the given keys that are defined through the groupByKey query parameter.
- "tag" groups the result by the given tags that are defined through the groupByKey and groupByValues query parameters.
- "type" groups the result by OSM element type.
- c("boundary", "tag") groups the result by the given boundaries and tags.

Not all of these group types are accepted by all of the aggregation endpoints. Check [Grouping](#) for available group types.

time character; time parameter of the query (see [Supported time formats](#)).

... Parameters of the request to the ohsome API endpoint.

### Details

ohsome\_users\_count() creates an ohsome\_query object for OSM users aggregation. Boundary objects are passed via [set\\_boundary\(\)](#) into [ohsome\\_boundary\(\)](#).

### Value

An ohsome\_query object. The object can be sent to the ohsome API with [ohsome\\_post\(\)](#). It consists of the following elements:

- url: The URL of the endpoint.
- encode: The way the information is encoded and then posted to the ohsome API. Set as "form".
- body: The parameters of the query such as format, filter or bpolys.

### See Also

[ohsome API Endpoints – Users Aggregation](#)

### Examples

```
# Yearly count of users contributing to man-made objects around "Null Island"
ohsome_users_count("0,0,10", filter = "man_made=*", time = "2012/2022/P1Y")
```

---

set\_boundary

*Set boundary*

---

### Description

Set or modify the spatial filter of an existing ohsome\_query object



**Usage**

```
set_boundary(query, boundary = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|          |   |
|----------|---|
| query    | An <code>ohsome_query</code> object constructed with <code>ohsome_query()</code> or any of its wrapper functions  |
| boundary | Bounding geometries specified by WGS84 coordinates in the order lon,lat. The geometries of <code>sf</code> are transformed to WGS84 if the CRS of the object is known. The following classes are supported: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>sf</code> with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries</li> <li>• <code>sfc</code> with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries</li> <li>• <code>sfg</code> with (MULTI)POLYGON geometries and WGS 84 coordinates</li> <li>• <code>bbox</code> created with <code>sf::st_bbox()</code> or <code>tmptools::bb()</code></li> <li>• <code>matrix</code> created with <code>sp::bbox()</code> or <code>osmdata::getbb()</code></li> <li>• character providing textual definitions of bounding polygons, boxes or circles as allowed by the <code>ohsome</code> API (see <a href="#">ohsome API - Boundaries</a>): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– <code>bboxes</code>: WGS84 coordinates in the following format: "id1:lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2 id2:lon1,lon2,lat1,lon2,lat2 lon1,lat1,lon2,lat2 ..."</li> <li>– <code>bcircles</code>: WGS84 coordinates + radius in meter in the following format: "id1:lon,lat,r id2:lon,lat,r ..." OR "lon,lat,r lon,lat,r ..."</li> <li>– <code>bpolys</code>: WGS84 coordinates given as a list of coordinate pairs (as for <code>bboxes</code>) or GeoJSON FeatureCollection. The first point has to be the same as the last point and MultiPolygons are only supported in GeoJSON.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• list of <code>bbox</code>, <code>matrix</code> or <code>character</code>. Bounding geometry types of all list elements must be the same. Does not work with GeoJSON FeatureCollections.</li> </ul> |
| ...      | Additional arguments other than digits are ignored.   |

**Details**

`set_boundary()` adds a spatial filter to an `ohsome_query` object or replaces an existing one. The spatial filter of a query to the `ohsome` API can be defined as one or more polygons, bounding boxes or bounding circles.

**Value**

An `ohsome_query` object. The object can be sent to the `ohsome` API with `ohsome_post()`. It consists of the following elements:

- `url`: The URL of the endpoint.
- `encode`: The way the information is encoded and then posted to the `ohsome` API. Set as "form".
- `body`: The parameters of the query such as `format`, `filter` or `bpolys`.

**See Also**

[ohsome API documentation](#)

**Examples**

```
# Query without boundary definition
q <- ohsome_query(
  "elements/count/groupBy/boundary",
  filter = "building=*",
  time = "2022-01-01"
)

# Use franconia from the mapview package as bounding polygons

set_boundary(q, mapview::franconia, digits = 4)

# Use the bounding box of franconia

set_boundary(q, sf::st_bbox(mapview::franconia))

## Not run:
# Get bounding box of the city of Kigali from OSM
set_boundary(q, osmdata::getbb("Kigali"))

## End(Not run)

# Definition of two named bounding circles
set_boundary(q, c("Circle 1:8.6528,49.3683,1000", "Circle 2:8.7294,49.4376,1000"))
```

---

set\_endpoint

*Set endpoint*

---

**Description**

Modifies the endpoint of an existing ohsome\_query object

**Usage**

```
set_endpoint(query, endpoint, append = FALSE, reset_format = TRUE)
```

```
set_grouping(query, grouping, ...)
```

**Arguments**

|              |   |
|--------------|---|
| query        | An <code>ohsome_query</code> object constructed with <code>ohsome_query()</code> or any of its wrapper functions  |
| endpoint     | The path to the <b>ohsome API endpoint</b> . Either a single string (e.g. "elements/count") or a vector of character in the right order (e.g. <code>c("elements", "count")</code> ).  |
| append       | logical; If TRUE, the provided endpoint string is appended to the existing endpoint definition instead of replacing it. This is particularly useful if you wish to add <code>density/ratio</code> and/or a grouping to an existing aggregation query.   |
| reset_format | logical; if TRUE, the format parameter of the query is updated depending on the new endpoint.   |
| grouping     | character; group type(s) for grouped aggregations (only available for queries to aggregation endpoints). The following group types are available: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "boundary" groups the result by the given boundaries that are defined through any of the boundary query parameters.</li> <li>• "key" groups the result by the given keys that are defined through the <code>groupByKeys</code> query parameter.</li> <li>• "tag" groups the result by the given tags that are defined through the <code>groupByKey</code> and <code>groupByValues</code> query parameters.</li> <li>• "type" groups the result by OSM element type.</li> <li>• <code>c("boundary", "tag")</code> groups the result by the given boundaries and tags.</li> </ul> <p>Not all of these group types are accepted by all of the aggregation endpoints. Check <b>Grouping</b> for available group types.</p> |
| ...          | Additional arguments passed to <code>set_endpoint()</code>  |

**Details**

`set_endpoint()` takes an `ohsome_query` object and modifies the ohsome API endpoint. `set_grouping()` takes an `ohsome_query` object and modifies the endpoint path for grouped aggregations.

**Value**

An `ohsome_query` object. The object can be sent to the ohsome API with `ohsome_post()`. It consists of the following elements:

- `url`: The URL of the endpoint.
- `encode`: The way the information is encoded and then posted to the ohsome API. Set as "form".
- `body`: The parameters of the query such as `format`, `filter` or `bpolys`.

**See Also**

[ohsome API Endpoints](#)

**Examples**

```

# Query for count of elements
q <- ohsome_elements_count(
  boundary = "HD:8.5992,49.3567,8.7499,49.4371|HN:9.1638,49.113,9.2672,49.1766",
  time = "2022-01-01",
  filter = "highway=*"
)

# Modify query to aggregate length of elements instead of count
set_endpoint(q, "elements/length")

# Modify query to extract geometries instead of aggregating elements
set_endpoint(q, "elements/geometry")

# Append the endpoint path in order to group aggregation by boundary
set_endpoint(q, "groupBy/boundary", append = TRUE)

# Modify query to group aggregation by boundary
set_grouping(q, grouping = "boundary")

# Modify query to group by boundary, but keep format csv instead of geojson
set_grouping(q, grouping = "boundary", reset_format = FALSE)

# Append the endpoint path to query for element densities per boundary
set_endpoint(q, c("density", "groupBy", "boundary"), append = TRUE)

# Modify query to group aggregation by OSM element type
set_grouping(q, grouping = "type")

```

---

set\_parameters

*Set parameters*


---

**Description**

Sets or modifies parameters of an existing `ohsome_query` object

**Usage**

```

set_parameters(query, ...)

set_time(query, time = query$body$time)

set_filter(query, filter = query$body$filter, filter2 = query$body$filter2)

set_groupByKeys(query, groupByKeys = query$body$groupByKeys)

set_groupByKey(query, groupByKey = query$body$groupByKey)

```

```
set_groupByValues(query, groupByValues = query$body$groupByValues)
```

```
set_properties(query, properties = NULL)
```

### Arguments

|               |   |
|---------------|---|
| query         | An <code>ohsome_query</code> object constructed with <code>ohsome_query()</code> or any of its wrapper functions  |
| ...           | Parameters of the request to the <code>ohsome</code> API endpoint.  |
| time          | character; time parameter of the query (see <a href="#">Supported time formats</a> ).   |
| filter        | character; filter parameter of the query (see <a href="#">Filter</a> )  |
| filter2       | character; filter2 parameter of a ratio query   |
| groupByKeys   | character; groupByKeys parameter of a groupBy/key query   |
| groupByKey    | character; groupByKey parameter of a groupBy/tag query  |
| groupByValues | character; groupByValues parameter of a groupBy/tag query   |
| properties    | character; properties to be extracted with extraction queries: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "tags", and/or</li> <li>• "metadata" (i.e. @changesetId, @lastEdit, @osmType, @version), and/or</li> <li>• "contributionTypes" (i.e. @creation, @tagChange, @deletion, and @geometryChange; only for contributions extraction)</li> </ul> |

Multiple values can be provided as comma-separated character or as character vector. This defaults to NULL (removes properties parameter from the query body).

### Details

`set_parameters()` takes an `ohsome_query` object and an arbitrary number of named parameters as an input. It sets or modifies these parameters in the `ohsome_query` and returns the modified object. `set_time()`, `set_filter()`, `set_groupByKeys()`, `set_groupByKey()`, `set_groupByValues()` and `set_properties()` are wrapper functions to set specific parameters. By default, an unmodified `ohsome_query` object is returned. In order to remove a parameter from the query object, you can set the respective argument explicitly to NULL (e.g. `set_filter(query, filter = NULL)`).

### Value

An `ohsome_query` object. The object can be sent to the `ohsome` API with `ohsome_post()`. It consists of the following elements:

- url: The URL of the endpoint.
- encode: The way the information is encoded and then posted to the `ohsome` API. Set as "form".
- body: The parameters of the query such as format, filter or bpolys.

### See Also

<https://docs.ohsome.org/ohsome-api/v1/>

**Examples**

```
# Query ratio grouped by boundary
q1 <- ohsome_query(
  endpoint = "elements/count/ratio/groupBy/boundary",
  boundary = "HD:8.5992,49.3567,8.7499,49.4371|HN:9.1638,49.113,9.2672,49.1766"
)

# Add time, filter and format parameters
q1 |>
  set_time("2021/2022/P3M") |>
  set_filter("building=*", filter2 = "building=* and building:levels=3") |>
  set_parameters(format = "csv")

# Query elements area grouped by tag
q2 <- ohsome_query(
  endpoint = "elements/area/groupBy/tag",
  boundary = "HD:8.5992,49.3567,8.7499,49.4371"
)

# Add time, filter and groupByKey parameters
q2 |>
  set_time("2021/2022/P3M") |>
  set_filter("building=*") |>
  set_groupByKey("building:levels")
```

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